

# Food, fibre, and raw material from dryland regions of Central Asia

# Central Asia part of the winter-cold drylands





### Central Asia: Region with the

most



## Irrigated lands: hot spots of population density dependent on rivers





# Water resources in a typical endorrheic river basin in Central Asia (Figure: Tarim Basin)





Patrick Keilholz, TU Munich, www.sumario.de

### Water resources in a typical endorrheic river basin in Central Asia









Patrick Keilholz, TU Munich, www.sumario.de









### Which











#### **Climate change and its effects**





Reyer, C.P.O., Otto, I.M., Adams, S., Albrecht, T., Baarsch, F., Cartsburg, M., Eden, A., Ludi, E., Marcus, R., Mengel, M., Mosello, B., Robinson, A., Schleussner, C.-F., Serdeczny, O., Stagl, J. Climate change impacts in Central Asia and their implications for development. *Regional Environmental Change*, **2015**, doi 10.1007/s10113-015-0893-z.

#### Salinization and desertification









Technical solutions:

Improve irrigation infrastructure, from main channels down to implementation of drip irrigation.

Improved crops:

Breed and use more drought and salt resistent crops and varieties.

Agroforestry: Tree wind breaks and trees that shade crops.

Make use of native plant species

#### -> phreatophytes

### Kendyr / Kutra a promising phreatophyte: Fibres for textile and medicinal applications



*A. pictum* (White Kendiyr), Lopnor, Xinjiang, China



*A. venetum* (Red Kendiyr), Ili Delta, Kazakhstan

### Kendyr / Kutra a promising phreatophyte: Fibres for textile and medicinal applications



Fibres are extracted from the stem and have similar properties like cotton.

Salt tolerance: Fibers can by harvested from places that have become too saline for cotton.

Phreatophyte: Irrigation is not needed, as long as groundwater levels are maintined.

cf: https://bia.unibz.it/bitstream/handle/10863/178/2316-Article%20Text-9305-1-10-20130319.pdf?sequence=4

#### **Fiber extraction**





Kendir straw from Chui River and Ili Delta

Bast and fibres from Kendir straw

Ш

Kazakhstan harbours 2 million ha of reed beds under its arid climate:

lhα ŵ

ШČ

Potential for fodder, paper and pulp, boards, possibly for fibers (viscose) and bio.plastic.

